

SPORTING NEWS WILL BE FOUND ON THIRD PAGE.

EXTRA.
HARRISON!

The President Renom-
inated on First
Ballot.

His Forces Proved Too Strong
for the Plumed
Knight.

End of the Long Fight in
the Republican National
Convention.

The Blaine Contingent Unable to
Break the Lines of the Ad-
ministrations Allies.

Work of the Committee on Cre-
dentials and the Framers
of the Platform.

Mrs. Clarkson Starts the Wildest
Enthusiasm for the Ex-
Secretary of State.

Nominating Speeches by Depew,
Spooner and McComas—A Scene
of Tumultuous Enthusiasm.

THE VOTE:
Harrison..... 525 1-6
McKinley..... 182
Blaine..... 182 1-6
Lincoln..... 1
Reed..... 4
Whole number..... 904
Necessary to a choice..... 453

(SPECIAL TO THE EVENING WORLD BY DIRECT WIRE FROM THE CONVENTION HALL.)
CONVENTION HALL, MINNEAPOLIS, June 10.—
The ranks of the President's supporters, as defined by the proceedings of yesterday, withstood all attacks designed to draw off votes to the favorite sons—McKinley, Alger, Sherman, Reed and Culom—and the result on a final test was the decisive success of the Administration faction.
The announcement of the result of the contest has caused a scene of the most tumultuous enthusiasm.
Only two names were placed in nomination for President in the Republican Convention

to-day, those of James G. Blaine and Benjamin Harrison.
Senator Wolcott, of Colorado, nominated Mr. Blaine, and ex-Secretary of the Navy Richard H. Thompson, of Indiana, nominated the President.

The nominations were seconded by several others, the chief speeches being made by Chauncey M. Depew and ex-Senator Spooner. There was a scene of wild enthusiasm during Senator Wolcott's speech, the cheers and shouts for Blaine lasting twenty-four and one-half minutes. The demonstration was led by the beautiful wife of Chairman Clarkson.

A counter demonstration for Harrison was greatly strengthened by the participation of Mrs. Depew.

When the speeches were concluded, a few minutes past 3 o'clock, Gen. Sewell, of New Jersey, moved for a ballot, which motion was carried and the voting began.

Platt at once sent out orders to his forces to throw their votes for McKinley.

Harrison had 440 votes when Texas gave him 22, which nominated him, with 14 votes to spare.

THE VOTE BY STATES.

State	Harrison	McKinley
Alaska	2	0
Alabama	15	0
Arizona	1	0
Arkansas	15	0
California	8	0
Colorado	0	8
Connecticut	4	0
Delaware	4	1
District of Columbia	0	2
Florida	8	0
Georgia	26	0
Idaho	8	0
Illinois	14	0
Indiana	20	0
Iowa	29	5
Indian Territory	1	0
Kansas	11	0
Kentucky	22	2
Louisiana	8	0
Maine	0	12
Maryland	4	0
Massachusetts	18	11
Michigan	7	2
Minnesota	8	9
Mississippi	13	4
Missouri	28	4
Montana	0	2
Nebraska	15	0
Nevada	0	0
New Hampshire	4	2
New Jersey	18	2
New Mexico	0	0
New York	27	35
North Carolina	17	1
North Dakota	2	0
Ohio	1	0
Oklahoma	2	0
Oregon	1	0
Pennsylvania	19	2
Rhode Island	3	1
South Carolina	0	3
South Dakota	8	0
Tennessee	17	4
Texas	22	0
Utah	2	0
Vermont	8	0
Virginia	9	13
Washington	12	0
West Virginia	12	0
Wisconsin	19	2
Wyoming	4	2
Totals	525	182
Lincoln, 1; Reed, 4.		
Whole number, 904. Necessary to a choice, 453.		

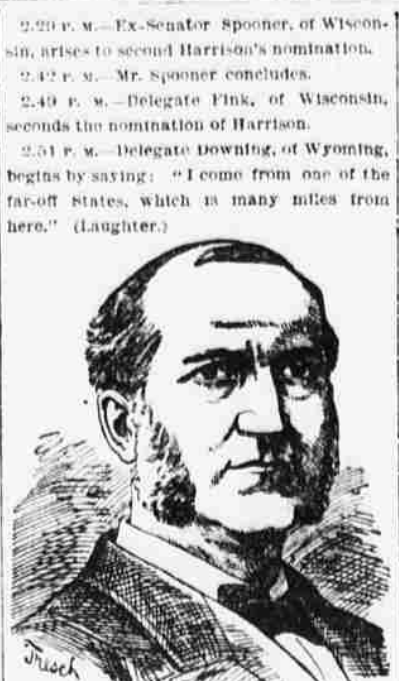
THE STORY BY BULLETINS.

(SPECIAL TO THE EVENING WORLD BY DIRECT WIRE FROM THE CONVENTION HALL.)
CONVENTION HALL, MINNEAPOLIS, June 10.—
11:10 A. M.—Several New England State delegations are now in session with a view of effecting a combination on Reed. It is said that Massachusetts is ready to cast its vote solid for him.
The delegates are coming into the hall slowly; the seats in galleries are packed. Chairman McKinley has taken his place on the platform.
11:30 A. M.—Chairman McKinley has just called the Convention to order.
11:35 A. M.—The Convention having come to order, prayer is being offered by Rev. Dr. Hoyt.
11:38 A. M.—The Pennsylvania delegation presents the name of David Martin as a member of the National Committee. R. G. Evans, of Minneapolis, is named as the committee-man for Minnesota.
11:40 A. M.—Chairman McKinley calls for the action of the Convention on the substitution of the minority for the majority report in the case of the contest in the Ninth district of Alabama.
Mr. Quay announces on the part of those opposed to the majority report that they will make no further opposition to the adoption of that report. (Prolonged cheering.)
11:44 A. M.—The motion is put on the adoption of the majority report of the Committee on Credentials, which is carried unanimously.
11:52 A. M.—Next in order will be the presentation of names of candidates for the Presidency. Oklahoma, while Michigan withdraws for fifteen minutes to consult, asks for six votes and is refused.
States called for National committeemen.
12:02 P. M.—Warner Miller, of New York, presents a request from the Women's Republican Association.
Mrs. J. Ellen Foster was introduced and is now speaking.
It is apparently reliably stated that Idaho and some other far Western States will turn to Harrison if they should drop Blaine. The



BABY McKEE—We are the People, Gran'ther. Bet yer hat!

result is now said to lie between Harrison and McKinley.
A report prevails that Ohio will swing into line for the popular Governor.
12:10 P. M.—There is a row among the Alabama delegates over National Committee-man.
12:15 P. M.—Gen. Cogswell is making a report for Credentials Committee.
12:20 P. M.—Senator Wolcott, of Colorado, takes the platform.
12:20 A. M.—Two seats were given to delegates from Alaska and Indian Territory, each for the first time in a National Convention.
12:21 P. M.—Wolcott nominates Blaine.
Tremendous cheering, band playing and enthusiasm in the audience follows his words.
Senator Wolcott makes a vigorous attack on the office-holders.
His mention of reciprocity elicits cheers.
Some of Mr. Wolcott's periods are heroically eloquent.
12:32 P. M.—Mr. Wolcott's speech nominating Blaine is able.
12:33 P. M.—Wolcott's speech is concluded amid wild cheers.
12:36 P. M.—Ex-Secretary Richard H. Thompson arises to nominate Harrison.
"I nominate to this convention for the Presidency of the United States the wise statesman, Benjamin Harrison," says Thompson. Wild cheers.
12:41 P. M.—Harrison's name was cheered two minutes, forty seconds more than was given to Blaine.
12:41 P. M.—When Michigan is called somebody yells "What's the matter with Alger?"
12:42 P. M.—Eustis, of Minnesota, is now seconding the nomination of Blaine.
12:47 P. M.—A reference by Mr. Eustis to McKinley elicits cheers.
12:50 P. M.—Eustis concludes. (Cheers.)
12:52 P. M.—Blaine's name is cheered to the echo.
Mrs. J. S. Clarkson rises in the front gallery, waves her parasol and shouts "Blaine!" and the cheering becomes the greatest of the Convention.
Mrs. Clarkson's action has set the Convention aflame. It has now been cheering four minutes and the end is not yet.
Mrs. Clarkson waves her white parasol, and again the cheering breaks out.
12:55 P. M.—The Convention is still cheering for Blaine and Mr. Clarkson.
Mrs. Clarkson starts the cry "Blaine! Blaine! James G. Blaine!" keeping time with her parasol. The audience joins her enthusiastically.
12:57 P. M.—Mrs. Clarkson declines a proffered glass of water, saying: "I am not thirsty." They have been cheering now seven minutes for Blaine.
Mr. Clarkson sits stolidly in his seat. The band starts up and cheers grow deafening. Mrs. Clarkson's beauty and nerve have caught the Convention, delegates and galleries joining in demonstration.
12:58 P. M.—Wolcott raises his black umbrella and joins the cheering, which has continued now twelve minutes.
1 P. M.—The Convention has now started in union, yelling "Blaine! Blaine! James G. Blaine!" The band is playing.
1:05 P. M.—Cheering for Blaine has now lasted seventeen minutes.
1:07 P. M.—Flags are still waving, umbrellas are held up and the cheering still goes on for the name of Blaine. It is a great tribute to the Plumed Knight.
Mrs. Clarkson is presented with a floral star, in which is a picture of Blaine. The cheers are renewed.
1:10 P. M.—Chairman McKinley raps for order, but the cheers are still going on. They have continued twenty-one minutes now.
1:12 P. M.—The Convention still in disorder with men cheering. Senator Wolcott starts it anew.
1:14 P. M.—Mrs. Clarkson starts to speak with floral star, but is stopped, whereat the crowd hisses vigorously.
1:16 P. M.—The cheering lasted twenty-four and one-half minutes.
There were loud hisses when McKinley rapped for order.
1:18 P. M.—Delegate Mattison, of Mississippi, is seconding the nomination of Blaine.
1:18 P. M.—The mention of Blaine's name again electrifies the Convention. Hiscock, of New York, looks surly.
1:20 P. M.—Chauncey M. Depew arises to second the nomination of Harrison. Cheers by Harrison men.
Depew said: "I was delighted with the enthusiasm which has been prevailing in this Convention for the last ten minutes." (Laughter and cries of "Twenty minutes.")
1:23 P. M.—Depew's voice does not appear to fill the hall well, but the audience applauds liberally.
1:27 P. M.—Depew names Harrison and the President's name is cheered thirty seconds.
Depew lauds Harrison's administration.
1:33 P. M.—Mention of McKinley's name brings out thirty seconds of cheering.
1:34 P. M.—Depew asks: "Who will be held responsible for all these acts?" The crowd answers "Blaine" for twenty seconds.
Chauncey doesn't like it. He says "the noise and shouting usually precedes the battle."
1:40 P. M.—Depew says: "It is a fact that the President did the work of both the State and Treasury Departments while the Secretaries of those departments were ill, and did that work well."
1:44 P. M.—Depew refers to Harrison carrying New York in 1888. (Cries of "Blaine.")
Depew says: "There is much talk in the air and much shouting in the gallery."
1:46 P. M.—Depew quotes Blaine as saying, "Harrison's re-election is an imperative necessity."
1:46 P. M.—Depew says Harrison's achievements reflect more credit upon his ancestry than his ancestry reflect on him. (Cheers.)
1:48 P. M.—Depew closes and the Harrison men cheer. Mrs. Depew rose in her seat right back of the Chairman and started a Harrison stampede.
1:49 P. M.—Men are now bringing a large picture of Harrison to the stage. Cheering has continued two minutes.
1:50 P. M.—Mrs. Harry New, of Indianapolis, stands under the picture waving her handkerchief.
1:54 P. M.—Chairman McKinley stopped the Harrison banner, but the banner of the Chicago Blaine Club was taken up. Both banners were taken down the aisle, both sides cheering, so the ovation cannot properly be called a Harrison one.
1:57 P. M.—Mrs. C. S. Howell, of Pittsburg, shouts in a peculiar shrill whop for Harrison. She is enthusiastic for Harrison and is very pretty.
2:04 P. M.—Cheering has now been going on fifteen minutes, the Blaine men yelling in opposition. The hall is a scene of wild disorder.
2:06 P. M.—Col. Shepard, of New York, is waving a white handkerchief.
2:07 P. M.—Chairman McKinley raps for order.
2:08 P. M.—Ex-Senator Warner Miller, of New York, is now seconding the nomination of Blaine.
2:16 P. M.—Warner Miller is making a strong speech.
There were loud cheers as he concluded and took his seat.
2:19 P. M.—Congressman Cheatham, of North Carolina, seconds the nomination of Harrison.
2:21 P. M.—Much to everybody's surprise ex-Gov. Foraker does not come forward when Ohio is called. There are loud calls by Blaine men for Foraker.
2:23 P. M.—J. Q. Boyd, of Tennessee (colored), seconds nomination of Blaine, and is doing it well.
2:24 P. M.—Mr. Boyd's speech arouses much enthusiasm.
2:26 P. M.—Boyd gets in a hard hit on Depew.



CHAUNCEY M. DEPEW.

2:24 P. M.—Downing says he thinks he sees in Depew another Demosthenes, but he seconds the nomination of Blaine. Cries of "Lander!" Confusion.
2:32 P. M.—Downing looks to McKinley and tells him to make no more pledges, and when four years more roll around he will hear the party's call.
2:35 P. M.—Wyoming's speaker concluded.
3 P. M.—The Convention will ballot soon probably.
3:01 P. M.—Gen. Sewell, of New Jersey, moves for a ballot. Carried.
3:04 P. M.—The State Chairmen are now polling their delegations.
3:10 P. M.—Platt is sending men in all directions starting a McKinley boom. Michigan, Ohio and Pennsylvania delegates leading it.
3:11 P. M.—The question is raised as to whether Alaska and Indian Territory can vote.
3:12 P. M.—It is plain now that Blaine forces will go to McKinley.
3:12 P. M.—Alaska and Indian Territory are allowed to vote.
This makes total vote 900, and 454 necessary to nominate.
3:17 P. M.—The balloting begins.
Alabama—Harrison, 15; McKinley, 7.
Arkansas—Harrison, 15; McKinley, 1.
California—Harrison 8; McKinley, 1; Blaine 0.
California's vote challenged.
Colorado—Blaine 8.
Delaware—McKinley, 1; Blaine, 1; Harrison, 4.
Florida—Harrison 8.
Connecticut, Harrison, 4; McKinley, 8.
Georgia—Harrison, 26.
Illinois—Blaine, 15; Harrison, 23. Vote challenged.
Idaho—Blaine, 6.
California—Correct vote: Harrison, 8; Blaine, 0; McKinley, 1.
2:26 P. M.—The vote so far shows Harrison gains.
Illinois (correct vote)—Blaine 14, Harrison 34.
Indiana—Harrison, 30.
Iowa—Blaine, 5; Harrison, 20; McKinley, 1.
Kansas—Harrison, 11; McKinley, 0.
Kentucky—Blaine, 2; Harrison, 22; McKinley, 1.
Louisiana—Blaine, 8; Harrison, 8.
Maine—Blaine, 12.
Maryland—Harrison, 14; McKinley, 2.
Massachusetts—Blaine, 1; Harrison, 18; McKinley, 11.
Michigan—Blaine, 2; Harrison, 7; McKinley, 10.
Minnesota—Blaine, 0; Harrison, 8; McKinley, 1.
Missouri—Blaine, 4; Harrison, 28; McKinley, 2.
Mississippi—Blaine, 4; Harrison, 13; McKinley, 2.
Montana—Blaine, 1; Harrison, 5.
Nevada—Blaine, 6.
New Hampshire—Blaine, 2; Harrison, 4; Lincoln, 1; Reed, 1.
3:30 P. M.—Harrison evidently nominated.
Nebraska—Harrison, 15; McKinley, 1.
New Jersey—Blaine, 9; Harrison, 18.
New York—Blaine, 35; Harrison, 27; McKinley, 10.
North Carolina—Blaine, 2; Harrison, 18; McKinley, 1.
North Dakota—Blaine, 4; Harrison, 9.
North Carolina—Harrison, 17; Blaine, 5; McKinley, 1.
3:40 P. M.—Cheers for McKinley.
3:40—McKinley challenges the vote of Ohio. Foraker says he can't.
3:50—Foraker votes for McKinley. Applause.
3:54 P. M.—McKinley evidently much embarrassed and very nervous.
Oregon—McKinley, 7; Harrison, 1.
3:50 P. M.—Desperate effort to swing enough votes to prevent a choice.
3:58—Quay demands roll-call on Pennsylvania.
4:02 P. M.—Intense excitement as Pennsylvania is being called. The vote will be close.
4:07 P. M.—Harrison making gain in Pennsylvania.
Pennsylvania—Blaine, 3; Harrison, 19; McKinley, 42.



BENJAMIN HARRISON, Renominated as the Republican Candidate for President.

Rhode Island—Blaine 1; Harrison, 5; McKinley, 1; Reed, 1.
South Carolina—Blaine, 3; Harrison, 13; McKinley, 5.
4:11 P. M.—Harrison still pretty sure of nomination.
South Dakota—Harrison, 8.
Tennessee—Blaine, 4; Harrison, 17; McKinley, 3.
4:16 P. M.—Harrison nominated by Texas vote.
4:17 P. M.—Texas—Harrison, 22.
4:17 P. M.—The Convention has gone wild.
4:20 P. M.—Men are tossing Blaine white hats around as footballs. Cheering.
4:20 P. M.—Congratulations are pouring in on Depew.
4:22 P. M.—Col. Shepard takes the chair.
4:22 P. M.—McKinley takes the floor and moves that the vote be made unanimous for Harrison.
4:22 P. M.—There will be no full vote for some time and may be not at all.
4:32—McKinley moves that Harrison's nomination be made unanimous. Carried.
4:33 P. M.—State of Washington asks to change Blaine, 0; McKinley, 1; Harrison, 1.
4:40 P. M.—No official announcement of ballot. Ingalls offers a resolution that it is unimportant. Adopted.
4:45—Adjourned till 8 o'clock to-night.

THE LAST DAY'S SESSION.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
MINNEAPOLIS, June 10.—McKinley, prompt to the minute in taking the chair of the Convention, was for the third successive day accorded the first round of cheers. He seemed, in comparison with the majority of those before him, relatively fresh and vigorous.
The clergyman selected to deliver the opening prayer is a life-long staunch Republican, but in person he bore a remarkable resemblance to a famous Democratic friend of Grover Cleveland, Gen. Bragg, of Wisconsin. The preacher was Rev. Wayland Hoyt, of Minneapolis, whose name has long been familiar to the Baptists throughout the country.
Caustic, informal but general, all over the floor delayed the start. At 11:10, Clayton, Boutelle, Burrows, of Michigan, and others of both sides seemed by their movements distraught of all the time possible to get the forces ranged into something like fighting lines.
Platt was one of the few of the bigger men who remained outwardly impassive.
The dark horse gospel grew with every moment.
A sharp tap of the gavel at 11:30 checked the hum, and was followed a moment later by cheering, McKinley ordering the aisles cleared and some sort of order established. The prayer of Dr. Hoyt helped produce silence and order.
A little flutter of applause greeted the report by Senator Quay that Hon. David Martin, Philadelphia, had been selected by Pennsylvania as a member of the National Committee. Martin was Quay's candidate.
Chairman McKinley announced: "Mr. Quay, of Pennsylvania, reports on the part of those opposed to the majority report of the Credentials Committee, that they will make no further opposition to its adoption."
Prolonged cheers followed this announcement of the tacit acknowledgment of defeat, and the report was adopted by acclamation.
A separate vote was demanded by the Mormon contesting delegates from Utah on their case, but the majority report was adopted and the Mormons declared ineligible.
On request of chairman Duffield, of Detroit, the Alger manager, the Michigan delegation was allowed to retire for fifteen minutes for consultation, no nominating speeches to be made until after their return.
At this juncture a magnificent bouquet was presented to Chairman McKinley from some unknown donor, and the incident was freely applauded.
A colored gentleman from South Carolina came to Florida To-Day.
"Egypt Through Centuries" at 8:15 P. M.
IMPORTANT TO CIGAR SMOKERS.
The only difference between a Havana cigar and BETWEEN THE ACTUAL TOBACCO CIGARETTE IS SIZE.
This was also loudly cheered.
"Our candidate, Mr. Chairman, has never

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been the President of the United States. He will be."

The speaker was again interrupted while the audience turned itself loose, and many delegates applauded loudly.

"But if he has not yet occupied that high office, he has, by his devotion to his party, made Republican Presidents possible, and he has guided two administrations with his sagacity and faithfulness. That we are respected and honored abroad we owe to his statescraft. There is no public measure since the days of reconstruction which has tended to the advancement of our country with which his name is not identified, and when the history of this generation of the Republic shall be written his name will stand foremost among statesmen."

"The best gifts of the world are not to those who seek them. (Applause.) For my part, I rejoice that the opportunity is given me to cast my vote for a nominee who seeks everything for his country and nothing for himself—(cheers)—and the same devotion to the nation's welfare which has guided him in his public life for nearly a generation figures his acceptance of any duty which this Convention may impose upon him. (Applause.)"

"For many months there has been apprehension in the public mind respecting his health and strength. It is gratifying to be able to state that the fears which moved us were groundless. For our country's sake, and his own, we could wish that he were again the young and ardent leader whose faith has flared in countless battles, and that his youth could be renewed like the eagle's. (Cheers.)"

"And so, Mr. Chairman, in the hour when victory is at hand we turn to the intrepid leader who has so shaped this party, the policy which has lifted it above the danger of further defeat, and to those of us who belong to the younger elements of the party, whose are content to follow and not to lead, and who ask only to bear their share of the burden and defeat of the day he stands our ideal, our inspiration."

"With loving faith and trust that Providence will long spare him to a people whose grateful homage he has earned and whose affectionate devotion he possesses, we pledge our unflinching and loyal support to James G. Blaine."

As the speaker closed the followers of the Plumed Knight gave a spontaneous burst of applause, which lasted, however, but a few moments, but was renewed by a long-drawn-out catcall howl from the man of lungs in the lower corner of the hall, which was answered with cries of "Blaine, Blaine, Blaine."

CHAUNCEY DEPEW'S SPEECH.

"MR. PRESIDENT AND GENTLEMEN OF THE CONVENTION:—It is the peculiarity of Republican National Conventions that each one of them has a distinct and interesting history. We are here to meet conditions and solve problems which make this gathering not only no exception to the rule, but substantially a new departure. That there should be strong convictions and their earnest expression as to preferences and policies, is characteristic of the right of individual judgment, which is the fundamental principle of Republicanism.
There have been occasions when the result was so sure that the delegates could scarcely indulge in the charming privilege of favoritism and of friendship. But the situation which now confronts us demands the exercise of dispassionate judgment and our best thought and experience. We cannot venture on uncertain ground, or encounter obstacles placed in the pathway of success by ourselves.
"The Democratic party is now divided, but the hope of the possession of power once more will make it in the final battle more aggressive, determined and unscrupulous than ever. It starts with fifteen States secure without an effort, by processes which are a travesty upon the principles of the Union, and which, if continued long enough, will paralyze institutions founded upon popular suffrage. It has to win four more States in a fair fight, States which, in the vocabulary of politics, are denominated doubtful.
"The Republican party must appeal to the conscience and the judgment of the individual voter in every State in the Union. This is in accordance with the principles upon which it was founded, and the objects for which it contends. It has accepted this issue before, and fought it out with an extraordinary continuance of success.
"The conditions of Republican victory from 1860 to 1880 were created by Abraham Lincoln and U. S. Grant. They were created that the saved Republic should be run by its saviors. The conditions were the emancipation of the slaves, the reconstruction of the States, the reception of those who had fought to destroy the Republic back into the fold without penalties or punishments, and to an equal share with those who had fought and saved the nation, in the solemn obligation and inestimable privilege of American citizenship. They were the embodiment into the Constitution of the principles for which two millions of men had fought and a half million had died. They were the restoration of public credit, the resumption of specie payments and the prosperous condition of solvent business for twenty-five years.
"Those were names with which to conjure, and events fresh in the public mind which were eloquent with popular enthusiasm.
"It needed little else than a recital of the glorious story of its heroes and a statement